

جامعة الانبار

كلية علوم الحاسوب وتكنولوجيا المعلومات

قسم تكنولوجيا المعلومات

مبادئ شبكات الحاسوب (عملي)

**principles of computer network (LAB)**

**LAB (2)**

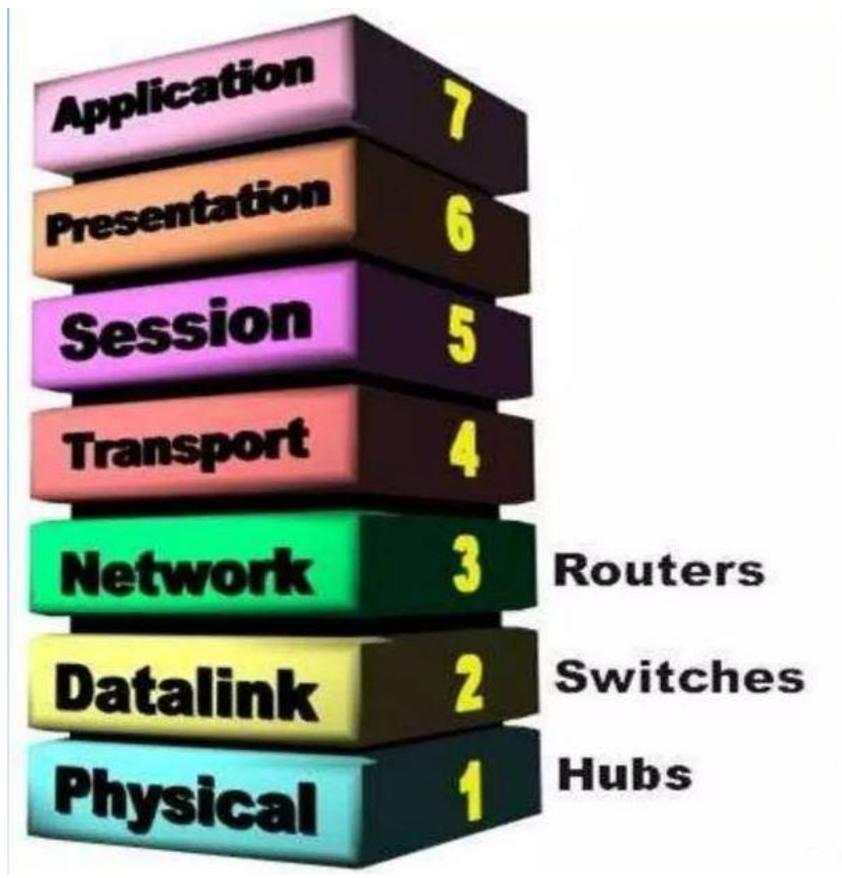
المرحلة الثالثة

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## Router

- A router is a fundamental device in computer networking that operates at the network layer ( Layer 3) of the OSI model .
- Its primary function is to connect different networks and determine the most efficient path for data to travel between them . Router make intelligent decisions about how to forward data packets based on destination IP address .
- It contains a routing table in which all information about the address of connected networks .

## Router operates in network layer of OSI model



## **Advantage of routers**

- Router limits the collision domain.
- Router can function on LAN & WAN
- Router can determine best path/route for data to reach the destination.
- Security features many routers have built-in firewall capabilities and security features that protect the network from external threats

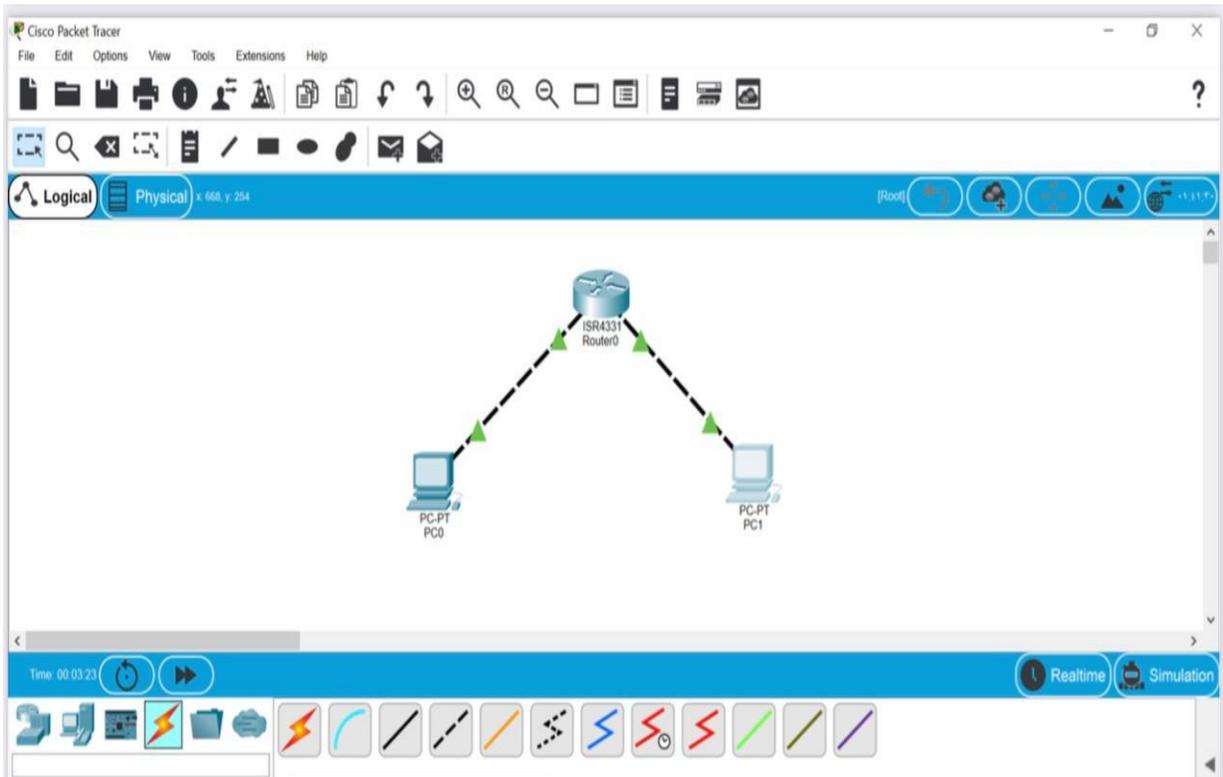
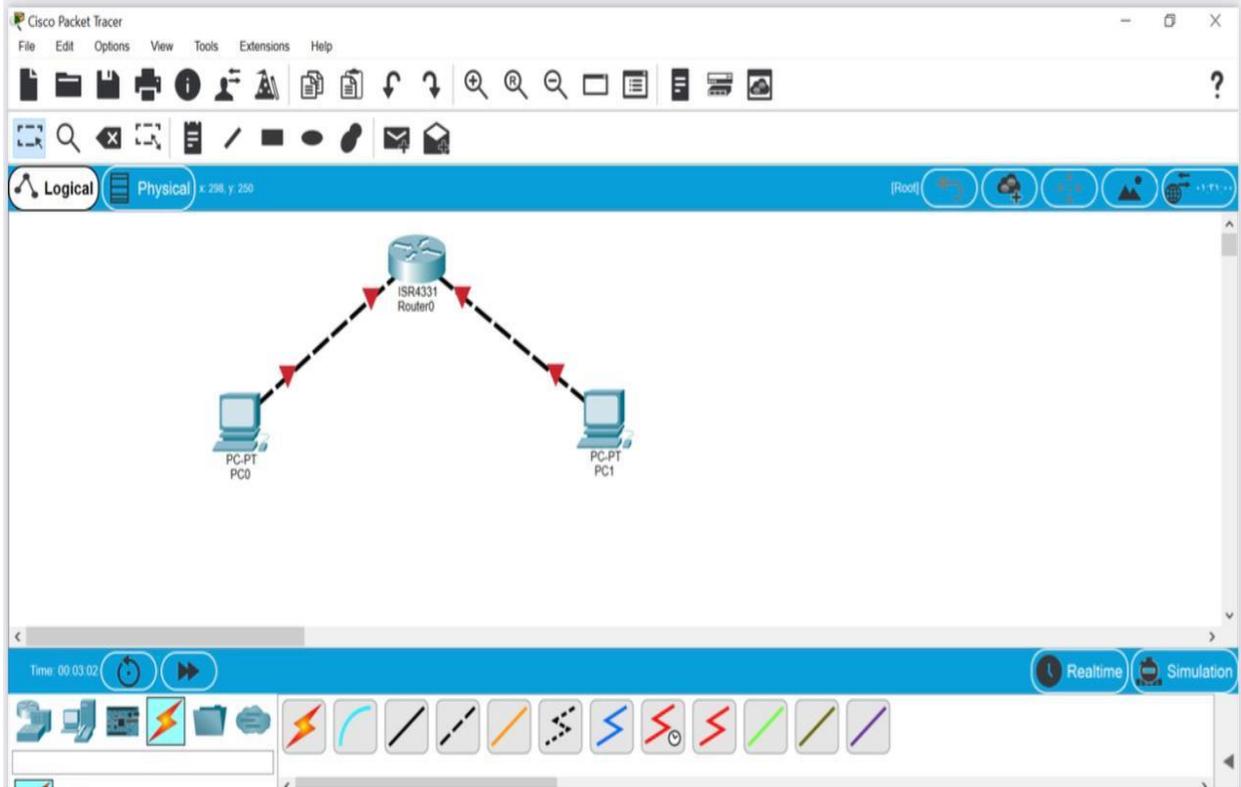
## **Disadvantage of routers**

- Router is more expensive than Hub, Bridge & Switch.
- Configuration and managing router can be complex, often requiring knowledge of network protocols and setting, which maybe challenging for non-technical users
- Single Point of Failure: Routers can be single points of failure in a network. If a router malfunctions, it can disrupt network connectivity.
- Updates and Maintenance Routers require regular updates and maintenance to ensure security and optimal performance, which can be a time-consuming task.

## Connect Router with Computer

- Connect between all devices.
- Click on the devices to make configuration to all devices.
- Enter IP address (192.168.0.1) and subnet (255.255.255.0) to all devices and close the window.
- Enter IP address (192.168.0.2) and subnet (255.255.255.0) and close the window.
- To test the connection, use the 'ping' command followed by the IP address of another device, such as

(ping 192.168.0.1) or (ping 192.168.0.2)



## **Real-time and Simulation**

On the right side of the packet tracer, there are two options: real-time and simulation. Real-time closely mimics real-life network behavior, while simulation lets you observe communication processes. you can examine messages at each network layer. if you select simulation and then the simulation panel, you will find an event list showing message exchanges between devices. The source device indicates the message source, and the device shows the message destination. clicking on an entry reveals details like the message, IP address, and more

Cisco Packet Tracer - Initial Setup

Simulation Panel Event List:

Vis	Time(ms)	Last Device	All Device	Type
Visible	0.000	PC1	Router	ICMP

Cisco Packet Tracer - PC1 Highlighted

Simulation Panel Event List:

Vis	Time(ms)	Last Device	All Device	Type
Visible	0.000	PC1	Router	ICMP
Visible	0.001	PC1	Router	ICMP

Cisco Packet Tracer - PC2 Highlighted

Simulation Panel Event List:

Vis	Time(ms)	Last Device	All Device	Type
Visible	0.000	PC1	Router	ICMP
Visible	0.001	PC1	Router	ICMP
Visible	0.002	Router	PC1	ICMP
Visible	0.003	PC1	Router	ICMP

Cisco Packet Tracer - PC1 Highlighted

Simulation Panel Event List:

Vis	Time(ms)	Last Device	All Device	Type
Visible	0.000	PC1	Router	ICMP
Visible	0.001	PC1	Router	ICMP
Visible	0.002	Router	PC1	ICMP
Visible	0.003	PC1	Router	ICMP
Visible	0.004	Router	PC1	ICMP
Visible	18.502	Router	PC1	CDP
Visible	18.502	Router	Router	CDP
Visible	18.503	Router	PC1	CDP
Visible	18.503	Router	PC1	CDP

## Connect Router with two Networks

- Connect between all devices
- Click on the devices to make configuration to all devices
- Click on the router to make configuration interfaces:  
use the connection tool to connect one network to **gigabitethernet0/0** and the other to **gigabitethernet0/1** on the router.

Router0

Physical **Config** CLI Attributes

**GLOBAL**

- Settings
- Algorithm Settings

**ROUTING**

- Static
- RIP

**SWITCHING**

- VLAN Database

**INTERFACE**

- GigabitEthernet0/0/0**
- GigabitEthernet0/0/1
- GigabitEthernet0/0/2

GigabitEthernet0/0/0

Port Status  On

Bandwidth  1000 Mbps  100 Mbps  10 Mbps  Auto

Duplex  Half Duplex  Full Duplex  Auto

MAC Address 000D.BDC8.9301

IP Configuration

IP Address

Subnet Mask

Tx Ring Limit 10

Equivalent IOS Commands

```
Router>enable
Router#
Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
Router(config-if)#
```

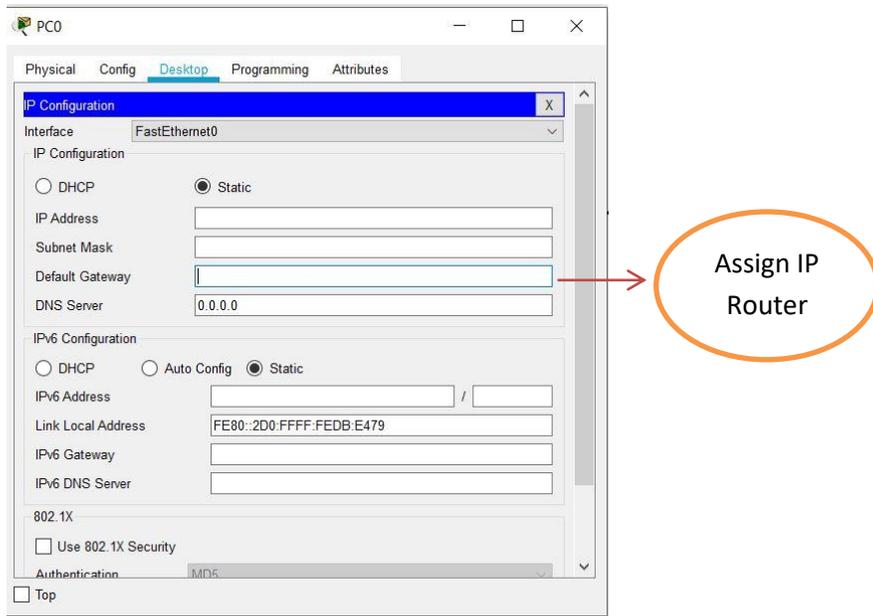
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Activation on port Status

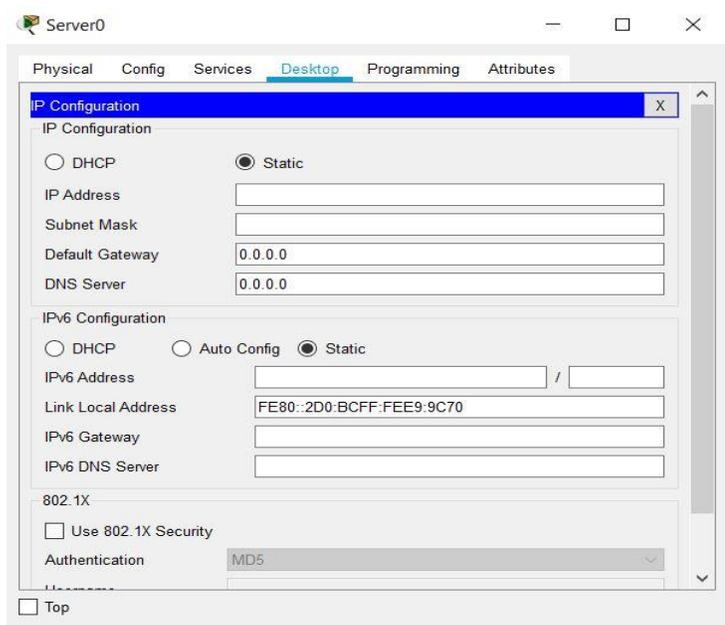
Assign Ip

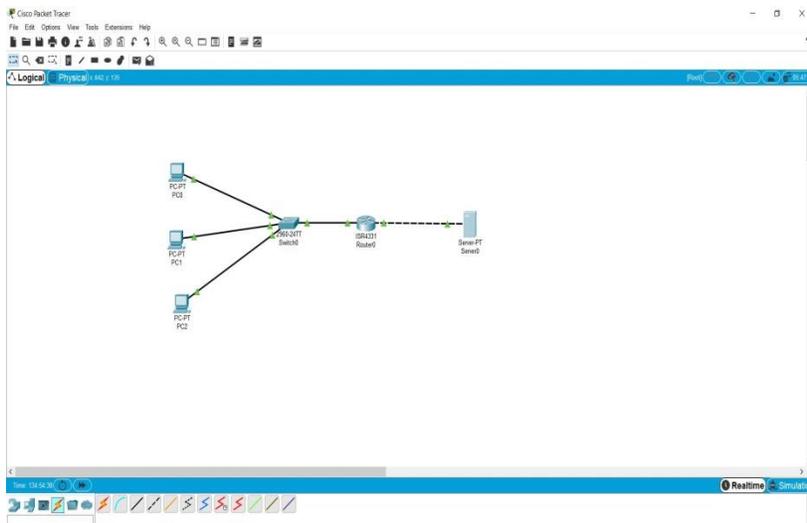
192.168.1.1

- Click on the Computer to make configuration to all devices



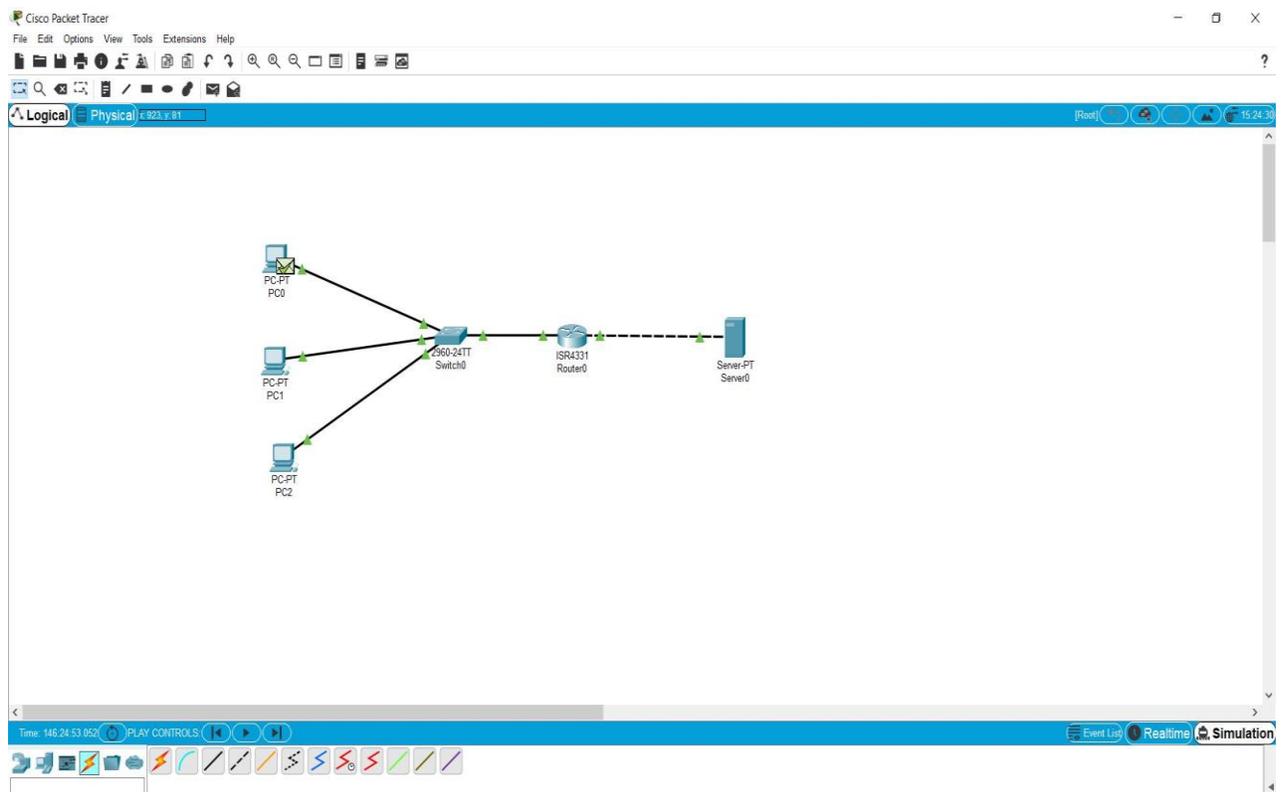
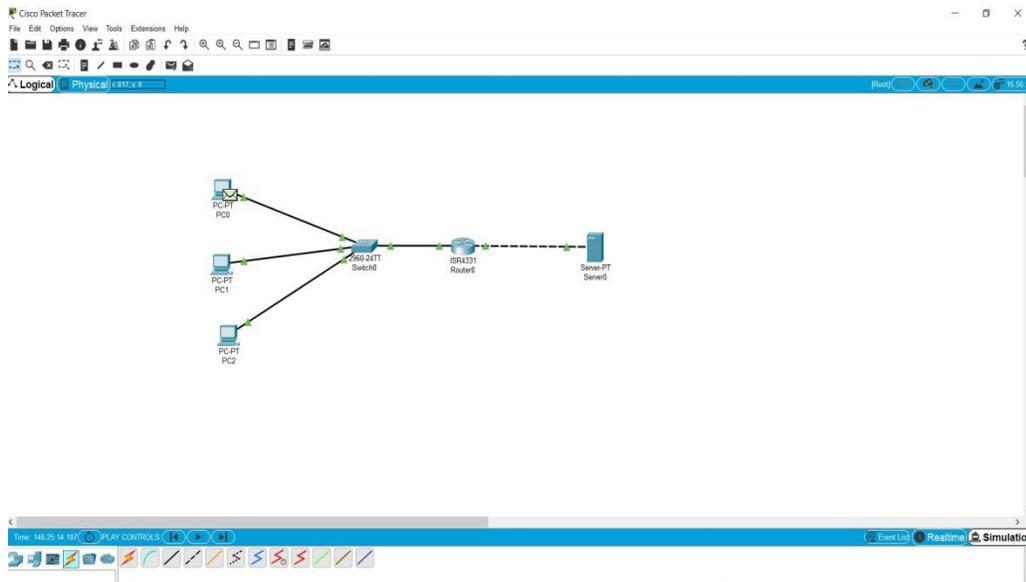
➤ Click on the Server to make configuration



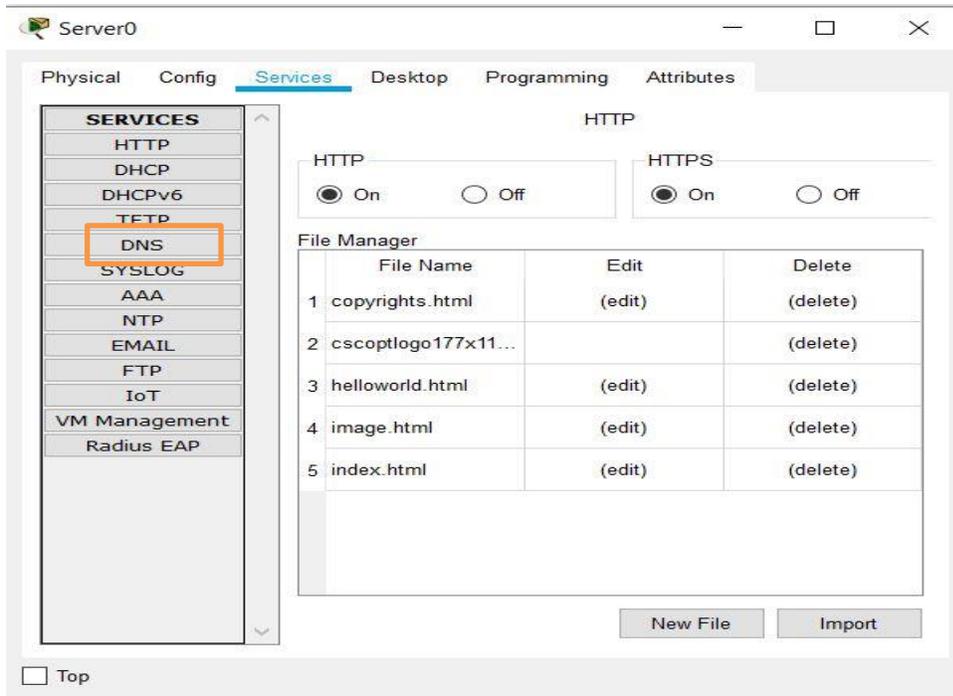


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➤ Click on the Server to make services



**Domain Name Protocol (DNS)** : it is used to translate human-readable domain names into numerical IP addresses.

Server0

Physical Config **Services** Desktop Programming Attributes

**SERVICES**

- HTTP
- DHCP
- DHCPv6
- TFTP
- DNS**
- SYSLOG
- AAA
- NTP
- EMAIL
- FTP
- IoT
- VM Management
- Radius EAP

DNS

DNS Service  On  Off

Resource Records

Name  Type **A Record** v

Address

No.	Name	Type	Detail
0	www.baraasaad...	A Record	192.168.1.2

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Server0

Physical Config **Services** Desktop Programming Attributes

**SERVICES**

- HTTP**
- DHCP
- DHCPv6
- TFTP
- DNS
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- NTP
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- IoT
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HTTP

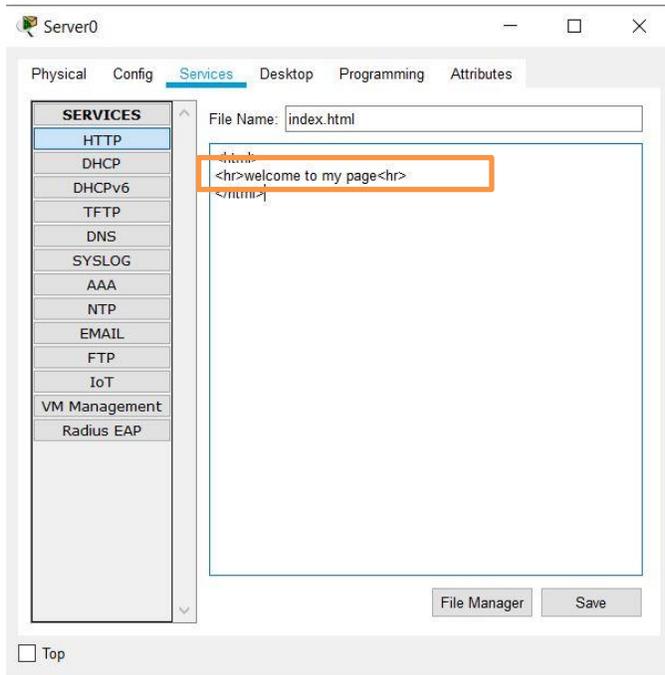
HTTP  On  Off

HTTPS  On  Off

File Manager

	File Name	Edit	Delete
1	copyrights.html	(edit)	(delete)
2	cscoptlogo177x11...		(delete)
3	helloworld.html	(edit)	(delete)
4	image.html	(edit)	(delete)
5	index.html	(edit)	(delete)

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- Click on the computer Ip configuration to add DNS server

