



كلية : الاداب

القسم او الفرع : اللغة الانكليزية

المرحلة: الاولى

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اسم المادة باللغة العربية : النحو الانكليزي

اسم المادة باللغة الإنكليزية : **English Grammar in Use**

اسم المحاضرة العاشرة باللغة العربية: فعل + (ing) (متبوع بنعت)

اسم المحاضرة العاشرة باللغة الإنكليزية : Verb + -ing (enjoy doing / stop doing etc.)

## محتوى المحاضرة العاشرة

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### Verb + -ing (enjoy doing / stop doing etc.)

We say:

I enjoy reading. (not I enjoy to read)

Would you mind closing the door? (not mind to close)

Chris suggested going to the cinema. (not suggested to go)

After **enjoy, mind and suggest**, we use -ing (not to ...).

Some more verbs that are followed by -ing:

**Stop finish recommend consider admit deny avoid risk imagine  
fancy**

Suddenly everybody stopped talking. There was silence.

I'll do the shopping when I've finished cleaning the flat.

He tried to avoid answering my question.

I don't fancy going out this evening. (= I'm not enthusiastic about it)

Have you ever considered going to live in another country?

They said they were innocent. They denied doing anything wrong.

**The negative form is not -ing:**

When I'm on holiday, I enjoy **not having** to get up early.

**We also use -ing after:**

give up (= stop)

put off (= delay until later)

go on or carry on (= continue)

keep or keep on (= do something continuously or repeatedly)

I've given up buying newspapers. I don't read them any more.  
You shouldn't put off telling him what happened. You need to tell him now.  
Katherine doesn't want to retire. She wants to go on working. or ... to carry on working.  
You keep interrupting when I'm talking. or You keep on interrupting ...

**With some verbs you can use the structure verb + somebody + -ing:**

You can't stop people doing what they want.  
I can't imagine George riding a motorbike.  
Did she really say that? I don't remember her saying that.  
Sorry to keep you waiting so long.

**When you talk about finished actions, you can say having done/stolen/said etc. :**

They admitted having stolen the money.  
But it is not necessary to use having (done). You can say:  
They admitted stealing the money.  
I now regret saying that. or I now regret having said that.

**Other structures are possible with admit, deny, suggest and recommend. For example, you can say:**

They denied (that) they had done anything wrong. (= They denied doing ...)  
Chris suggested (that) we go to the cinema. (= Chris suggested going ...)  
I recommend (that) you travel by train. (= I recommend travelling ...)

### **Exercises:**

**Complete the sentences. Choose from these verbs (in the correct form):**

**answer   apply   forget   interrupt   listen   live   lose   make**  
**pay   read   travel   try**

- 1 He tried to avoid **answering** my question.
- 2 I'm trying to concentrate. Please stop ..... so much noise!
- 3 I enjoy ..... to music.

- 4 I considered ..... for the job, but in the end I decided against it.
- 5 Have you finished ..... the newspaper yet?
- 6 We need to change our routine. We can't go on ..... like this.
- 7 It's better to avoid ..... during the rush hour.
- 8 My memory is getting worse. I keep ..... things.
- 9 I've put off this bill ..... so many times. I really must do it today.
- 10 I've given up to learn ..... Japanese. I was making no progress.
- 11 If you gamble, you risk ..... your money.
- 12 Would you mind not me ..... all the time? Let me speak!